



 RUSH UNIVERSITY  
MEDICAL CENTER

IT'S HOW MEDICINE

SHOULD BE

# Quality, Safety and Malpractice

## Changing a Culture

*Robert A. McNutt, MD, FACP*

# Safety Culture in US

- **IOM report published in 2000**
- **Humans naturally make mistakes, so do not punish**
- **Make humans better - training and new systems to support our weakest moments**
- **National attention**
  - **Agency for Healthcare Research/Quality**
  - **Others**

# Safety Culture in US

- National standards established (many!)
  - Core measures
- ***But, outcomes of care similar between high and low performing hospitals on national measures!***
- So, need “local” efforts to inform national standards

## Top down

- **Chief Medical Officer**
  - Safety officers
  - Robust adverse event reports

## Bottom up

- **Patient Safety Research**
  - Standardize review of adverse events
  - **Research** to show can reduce events

- **90 publications**
- **4 grants**
- **Faculty program in patient safety research**
- **Center for Patient Safety Research**

# What we learned

- **Quality is hard to define, hence, measure and leads to disagreements, not solutions**
- **Safety is definable and measurable, hence, can help organize a plan of care**
- **What is safety?**

# What is safety?

## Safety is

- Finding simple ways to deliver care
- Doing less, not more
- Reducing variation
- Developing systems that do least necessary to produce good outcome

**So.....**

- **Safety is “culture”**
- **Safety is advanced from local concerns, not national agendas**
- **Culture of safety must include culture of malpractice to advance all patient safety**



**Patient Safety System**

**Versus**

**Malpractice System**

# Safety and Malpractice: Old

## Safety System

Adverse event

Safety  
System

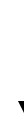


Project:  
•PDSA

## Malpractice System

Complaint/Suit

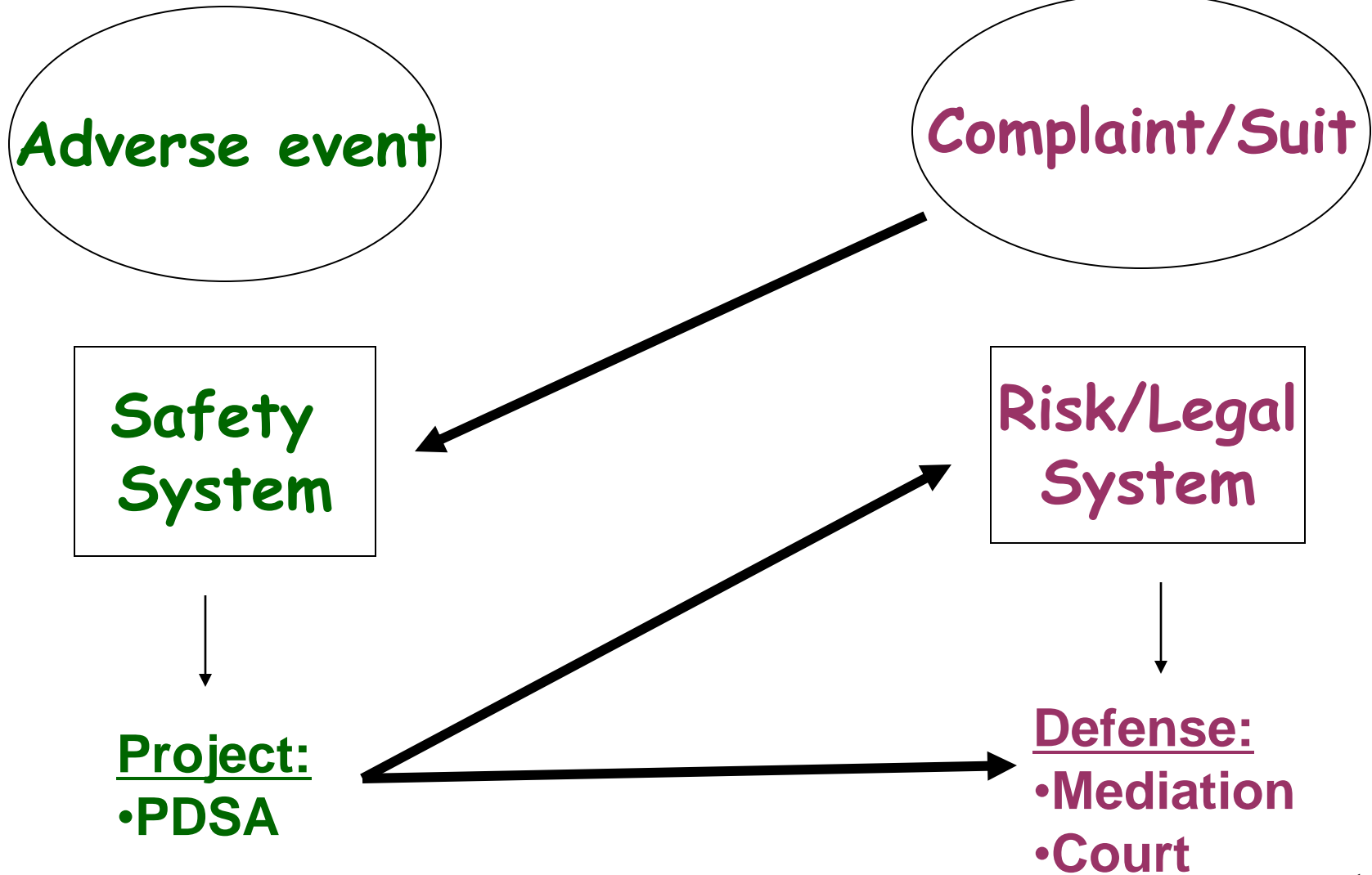
Risk/Legal  
System



Defense:  
•Mediation  
•Court

# Safety and Malpractice: New

## Integrated



- **Grant to review cases going to court**
  - What could we improve?
- **Safety officer at court**
- **Evidence-based medicine in court**

# Safety in the court room

- **Disc surgery** - foot drop after procedure
- **Sub-dural hematoma** - after a fall
- **Transplant** - of HIV organ
- **Chest pain** - no MI, but dies at home
- **Spinal-stenosis** - paralyzed after epidural

## Insights

- Adverse events are different; inevitable
- *Informed-consent is major safety issue*
- Evidence-based medicine can resolve dispute
- Malpractice system not improve care
- Need to combine safety and malpractice culture

## New Culture

- All systems must align for safety
- Some \$\$ for malpractice go to safety
- Evidence-based medicine helps
- Informed-consent is a way to know when doing less is actually doing more for individual patients

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